

## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SUPERFUND SITE STRATEGY RECOMMENDATION - REGION 06



Site Name: Davenport Mine - NM0086	CERCLIS ID#: N/A
Alias Site Name: Moe No. 2, Davenport Incline; Mesa Top No. 7	
1100 Ivo. 2, Bavenpore menne, Presta Top Ivo. 7	
Address: Latitude 35 degrees 20'27.10" Longitude 107 degrees 49'15.38	3"
City/County or Parish/State/Zip: McKinley County, New Mexico	
Report Type: Pre-CERCLIS Screening Date: 09/10/09	Author: NMED
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RECOMMENDATION:	
	r Investigation Needed Under Superfund
	PA HRS Priority: High
	SI RI/FS Low
_	ESI 🔲 RA
1	Other: '
	e performed by:
☐ 3. Action Deferred to: ☐ RCRA ☐ NRC ☐ BLM	,
4. Site Being Addressed Under the State Voluntary Cleanup Program	n (VCP): Yes No
NOTIFY AUTHORITY:	
Removal RCRA TSCA CAA	SMCRA
Remedial State/Tribe NPDES NRC	Resource Trustee: BLM
☐ CERCLA ☐ Federal ☐ UIC ☐ SPCC	Other:
Enforcement Facility	
SEND SSSR COPIES TO: 6SF-AC 6WQ-SP AT	SDR State Agency Tribal Agency
DISCUSSION:	
The New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department, N	Mine and Minerals Division (MMD) conducted a
site assessment on December 6, 2007 at the Davenport Mine site. The N	
conducted a site assessment on June 3, 2009. The mine operated as a wet mine. MMD measured maximum gamma	
radiation readings of 26 uR/hr at the mine site. NMED observed waste rock piles and a collapsed frame structure. Little	
other evidence of the mine remains. A maximum gamma radiation reading of 230 counts per second was measured at one	
waste rock pile. There are several residences less than three miles of the mine site, and the closest well is an irrigation well	
a little more than one mile from the mine site with a total uranium concentration of 48.2 ug/l. The land surface and mineral	
rights are held by the Bureau of Land Management.	•
NMPD	las with also its duration NIMED also
NMED recommended that action be taken at the site to remove waste piles with elevated radioactivity. NMED also	
recommended that the mine site be further assessed under CERCLA to characterize the extent of site-derived waste dispersion along the drainages and impacts to groundwater.	
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In October 2011, EPA conducted an aerial radiological survey in the Poison Canyon area of the Ambrosia Lake sub-district	

by using the Airborne Spectral Photometric Environmental Collection Technology (ASPECT). The Davenport Mine was included in the ASPECT survey. The gamma radiation readings at the Davenport Mine site were one to two times

statistically greater than background readings in the area.

Pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding between EPA and the New Mexico State Office of the Bureau of Land Management, August 2011, the Davenport Mine will be addressed by the Bureau of Land Management.

**APPROVALS:** 

Report Reviewed by: Lisa Marie Price

Marie Price Signature:

Date: 1//25/1/

Disposition

Approved by: J

John Meyer
(Section Chief 6SF-TR)

(Site Assessment Manager)

Signature:

Date: 11/29/4